
CS 105: Introduction to Computer Science

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Computer Memory

- Physically stores information (data and programs)
- For immediate use (different from *mass storage*)
 - CMSC 251 “Principles of Computing Systems” goes into much more detail
- Is a finite but renewable resource
 - How do functions use memory?

Program Call Stack

- Stores information about active functions, including:
 - Function calls
 - Variable values
 - Current function being executed
- Inactive function calls and variables are removed from the stack
- Has limited space and can overflow

Recursion

vs.

Loops

- Elegant solution with less code
- Solves complex problems
- Function calls take time and memory
- Deep recursion can overflow the stack

- Good for simple iteration and mutative operations
- Generally more efficient
- Code can quickly become complex and hard to understand